ESTABLISHET 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1879.

VOL. XXXVIII--NUMBER 74

CLOSING RATES Yesterday of cotton: Liverpool 5 7-8d. Memphis cotton, 10c. New Orleans cotton, 10 1-Sc. New York cotton, 10 1-2c.

WEATHER INDICATIONS. WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE CH. SIG. OFFICER, WASHINGTON, March 29, 1 a.m.

For Tennessee and the Ohio valley rainy, followed by clearing weather, warm coutherly, evering to northwest winds, followed by vising barometer.

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS.

WAR DEP'T, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, THURSDAY, March 28, 1879, 10:08 p.m. Bar. Ther. Dir. Force, 6 KO. H. ROHS, Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.

To-MORROW'S APPRAL will be a mammoth, f this, and govern themselves accordingly. Now that the spring has fairly set in, bring ing with it the most cheerful promise of good times, merchants should at once put themalves in communication with the public.

THE New Orleans. Picagune is now issued every day in the year. Sensible idea.

THERE is to be another investigation of the postoffice department. Something wrong in the letting of contracts.

No man who abases the northern Democracy and lauds that of the west and the south can in any sense be considered a good Democrat. Now, more than ever, we need unity. peace and concord,

hell: "The 'time-honored Democratic policy," of which about election time we hear so much, is hard money, economy, and the John Foster and wife, father and mother of largest liberty to private action and enter-

accordance with the eternal fitness of things would it have been had they selected th next (All Fools) day for their sine die?"

SENATOR JONES is pushing the Spofford case very energetically, and will do all he can to oust Kellogg. The papers are before the he gave only three convulsive muscular concommittee on privileges and elections, of which Mr. Saulsbury is chairman. Senator Jones thinks that the care will be reopened and Judge Spofford be awarded his seat in

THE Tiplon Record is right. "An adjustment is not repudiation, but there can be no adjustment of this State or any other debt without the concurrence of the creditor. Any proposition submitted to the people that is not concurred in by the bondholders, means incorrigible and persistent crowd. Berry is reported to have field to parts unknown.

the senate.

fact that "Senator Savage is on record as Kelly, in 1874. The confession of the pris asserting repeatedly that the State did not oner, the brutality of the crime, in which owe anything to anybody-that no bond was ever legally issued and none are binding. Yet he provides in his bill for the payment of many. How can be reconcile that and this his own fate, made the case of Knox Martin with his duty as an honorable and conscien

tions representative?" SENATOR HAMPTON is improving steadily, but the physicians in attendance upon him agree in the opinion that it would be exceedingly imprudent in him to go, at this time, to Washington. The journey would be fatiguing, at least, to one in his condition, and his physicians earnestly advise against it.

This is the reason why Senator Hampton is woman, and reputed witch and voudouis, not in his seat in the senate.

MRS. HICKS-LORD, of New York, is in Palatka, Florida. The Herald says that ing in the bed with them two infant children, "every forencon she orders a carriage and, accompanied by her maid, takes a drive in between its parents and the other at the foot the country. Mrs. Lord is superb in her of the bed. An older child had been perattractions, and is of course the observed of suaded by a young sister of the mother to observers." This is the size of her now. Just these few lines. A while since, and her

tions of fraud and intimidation in the conwill, in a few days, appoint a sub-committee to visit Philadelphia, New York and other northern cities and make it quiry into the election iniquities of last November in those

THE Chattanoogu Times thinks the press has worked the great revolution in public says that "even the apparently impenetrable tupidity and conceit of the legislature has been found impressionable; and the governor, who started out with such a rattle of drums and beating of tom-toms, and shouting for all the world to run and see his new Governor Marks has swung round on the side, sort of on the left flunk, but still in line, with the State credit men, who have all along contended that we must, to be decently consistent and honest, settle the whole debt."

make a Teunessean feel very cheerful, is his head and killed him instantly. The long end of the wagon-spoke extended over and that of Alabama's present financial condition ing ner. Fearful then that she would tell on him he finished the bloody work by murder-Alabama eight per cent bonds were scarcely considered worth picking up. But now, says the Montgomery Advertiser, under the wise his hands, put the wagon-spoke on the fire, and economical management of the Demo- and then proceeded to ransack the premise or at cofficers, everything has been brightening since 1874. State obligations which, when Governor Houston went into office, were not worth seventy-five cents on the dollar, were above the seventy-five cents on the dollar, were the seventy-five cents of the seventy-fiv above par long before he went out of office. town, and saw George Berry, whom he had The last legislature authorized Governor known a long time, and worked with him band-valise. But he, being one of the few and they must stop at that. They cannot are the showed Herry the rings be The last legislature authorized Governor Cobb to issue a new series of bonds to the amount of one million dollars, not to exceed six per cent. interest, with the proceeds of which he could retire the eight percent, obligations. A day or two ago he received an offer from Boston, agreeing to take the whole issue at one-half per cent, net above par. This, however, he declined, for the par. This, however, he declined, for the him. The house in which Wittemeyer lived was a little log cabin, with two doors and a offers, largely from Alabamians, which would | window, none of which were securely fastened. offers, largely from Albamians, which would not the State two per cent. above par. Under all the circumstances, it is Governor Cobb's present intention to issue five per cent instead of six per cent bands, and he has every assurance that they can be specified disposed assurance that they can be specified and the second of the per cent bands, and he has every assurance that they can be specified and the second of the country. The trial of the prisoner came on immediately, verdict was rendered against him, and to-day appointed for his execution. Although given an opportuncture of the country of the country of the country of the second of the officer who are present intention to issue five per cent in the country. The trial of the prisoner is money; emphatically so when Dr. Bull's cough syrup frequently cures colds, coughs, etc., in less than a day. Price, 25 Mr. Carlisle—The gent coughs, etc., in less than a day. Price, 25 Lersey is asking me question. of at par.

THE HANGMAN AT WORK.

Knox Martin Dropped into Glory from the Gallows of Davidson County-He was Anxious to be an Angel and with the Angels Stand, and

Therefore Refused to Apply for a New Trial-Stampede Occasioned by the Explosion of a Pistol-Grand Gallows Ball at Richmond -The Dance of Death.

been described in the Enquirer; out of this number four or five hundred stayed over to special to the Appeal.] the dance. Owing to some strange supersti-tion, the managers would not allow the ball NASHVILLE, March 28.-Knox Martin, plored, arose early this morning, after a reo commence until midnight; and so, at that freshing night's sleep, and donned his burial goblin hour, the gay dancers were ranged in couples around the room, ready for the businessisting of a black coat and navy blac pantaword 'Go!' It was a weird scene. The word 'Go!' It was a weird scene. The pany, the latter receives about one hundred loons, white shirt and silk hat, in which he desired to have his photograph taken. His request was granted. He made a confession, saying that he and George Berry, who had sisted of plack youths and maidens; but conhim arcested, had made up their minds to kill Wittemeyer. They met in a woodland near his house on the night of the murder, spicuously in one end of the room were a dozen beautiful quadreons from Richmond, and in the center of the floor stood seven or and w at to the house together, Berry going in ties. Berry struck him with a stone, and then we struck. Berry knocked him senseless the first blow. When he had struck his. Wittemeyer the first time, Berry told him to hit her again, which he did, killing her. Ben robbed a drawer of money in big bills, of which he only got fifty deputy-chief, and Bloody Cloud, a wellknown brave. The orchestra consisted of three banjo-players and a fiddle. At twelve o'clock Isaiah Peterson, the boss negro, stood on a salt-barrel and spoke as follows: 'The hour for rejoicing is at hand. Let the music-ians take notice, and all others.' Then the asked for a glass of wine. He shed tears for the first time when his brother left him. He grew exceedingly restless after eleven o'clock, wishing that the sheriff might take him to the scaffold at once; that he had nothing to fear and wanted to die. His departure from and str. ck up The Mississippi Lawyer, and the dancers all started off in the joyous maze. They shouted with wild delight. The Indians anced with quadroons, negro men danced the jail was witnessed by three thousand people, packed in a solid mass along the street. He smoked a cigar and seemed inin the usual way until two o'clock in the morning, when Polly Johnson, an old voudoo lifferent to his surroundings. On the way out a plank in the bottom of the wagon gave negress, made her appearance mysteriously in the center of the ball-room. She waved her hand in the air and the THE New York Herald puts it in a nutmusic stopped She carried a red bag, in which she had bits of hemp rope cut from the gallows. She told the dancers if they would Sec upon which there were at least fifteen thou-sand people, two-thirds of whom were nebuy a piece of the rope and wear it next to the heart they would live to ninely years and Mrs. Wittemeyer, and the entire family, including the infant left ssleep on its dead had been hung that day, they would hear mother's breast, were present near the scaf-THE Somerville Falcon is very severe, and in short compass, too, on the legislature. It says: "The legislature will adjourn on the thirty-first of March. How much more in the rope was and trembled. He bade Fathers Veale and Ryan and Sheriff Price good-bye, strange calls from an unknown voice. Acthe rope was cut, and the negroes gave a long, mouraful groan, while others shouted. Just at that moment Joseph Richards, a spectator, sat down on his pistol, which exoded, wounding a little girl named Lillie Myers in the fleshy part of the leg, and prowent home, but upward of a hundred reducing a general stampede. Martin's neck was broken in the fall of four and a-half feet, and ned and danced to five o'clock this morning. At that hour a dozelgy was sung, and the gallows-ball ended; but as the party tractions. He was cut down in nineteen emerged from the building the voudou stood minutes and given over to the physicians, who carried the body to a tent. They outside and yelled: 'The devil has marked stripped it, cut the rope from the neck, rubbed the body and applied batteries. The muscles of his face twitched convulsively, and he gave three gasps. Finding he was

beyond resuscitation, his body was removed

to the medical college for dissection, he hav-

ing previously given his remains to the doc-

tors. The crowd was so densely packed

around the physicians while attempting to re-

suscitate Martin that they were almost suffo

cated, the tent having been torn away by the

PARTICULARS OF THE CRIME.

since the hanging of the negro, Bill

here was not one, but two victims, the shor

mprisonment and the stocial indifference of

e prisoner, both in regard to the two per-

spend the night with her at the house of its

grandparents, living only three or four hundred yards distant. The next morning these

ter, father of the murdered woman, to the

cene, where many other persons soon arrived.

forms. The children were sleeping peace-

had carried a long wagon-spoke with him,

rushed upon him, hit him a heavy blow upon

struck Mrs. Wittemeyer in the face, awaken-

fully and only awoke when disturbed.

The execution of Knox Martin is the

BUFORD'S LAST VICTIM.

supreme court. He was fearful of being

whole time he was in prison he manifeste

bacco barn, near the scene of the execution, and was as novel in the festive line as it was

characteristic of the negro population. Thou

sands of colored men and women from the country had attended the hanging, which took place at noon, and which has already

obbed if he did so, and said if he did appea

Meeting of the Bar of Louisville, De ploring the Assassination of Judge Elliott - Brief History of the Slayer.

LOUISVILLE, March 28 .- The bar of Louisille held a meeting to-day and adopted resolutions deploring the assassination of Judge John M. Elliott, of the court of appeals, and expressive of the high esteem entertained for the deceased. Buford waived an examinafirst that has occurred in Nashville tion to-day and was committed to answer. BUFORD'S HISTORY.

A special correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, writing from Louisville Wednes-day, gives the following bit of the life of

sons whom he murdered in cold blood, and Buford's history shows him to be a man utterly regardless of law, or his own life or an unusual one in the annals of crime. Marthat of others, when his passions are aroused. Somewhere in the '50s Buford was the hero tin was a heavy, thick-set negro, with immense big feet, and evidences of genuine African blood in his whole physique. His of an affray on the Lexington fair-grounds which had a great deal of notoriety head was shaped exactly like the ape's, with receding forehead, thick lips, hanging undertime. He and a gentleman named Thomas, of Mount Sterling, had quarreled, and meet-ing in the fair-grounds, immediately opened jaws, kinky wool and ebony complexion. At one time he was employed by Wittemeyer, ire on each other. Buford displayed characone of his victims, to do farm work, and in settlement, a disagreement arose, but the employer acceded to Martin's demands and teristic coolness and recklessness, changing his position once while Thomas was firing, to keep peace at polls," retrenched expenditavoid shooting in the direction of some laconsidered the matter settled. In his confesdies, and at another time deliberately taking a pin from the lapel of his coat and picking the tube of his pistol, which had failed to go named Aunt Mary, told him that Wittemeyer off. He wounded Thomas, and escaped unsaid he intended to kill Martin the first time hurt himself. A gentleman of Lexington he came upon his place. On the night of the murder Wittemeyer and his wife retired, taknamed Ferguson was keeping Thomas sup-plied with pistols. General Abe Buford made one about a year old and the other about two years of age. One of the children was placed knife shaved his beard, taking off a good-sized piece of his scalp, which fell into the possession of Mr. Mulligan, of Lexington, try would hesitate a long time, being the acwho exhibited it for some time in his store

window as a curiosity. ANOTHER INCIDENT in Buford's career happened at the tim two went to Wittemeyer's and discovered when the three colonels were editing the Times, in Louisville. Buford sent a noted that both Wittemeyer and his wife had been murdered. Their screams brought John Fosbelle in that city a bucket of sausage from his home, near Versailles. Theodore O'Hara, The quilt had been drawn up over both dead suthor of the Bivouac of the Dead, one of the three colonels, made the present a subject for ridicule in his paper. As soon as the paper reached Versailles Buford, taking a bab: was upon its mother's breast. She was friend with him, got into his buggy, and by lying on her back. The right side of the face was battered, one arm was broken, and driving rapidly and taking fresh horses from her neck broken. The man was upon his side. The right side of his face was crushed. Blood-stains were upon the bed-clothing and on the walls. Two rocks and a piece of iron a drink. Stepping up to him, and inquiring were in a chair at the bedside. A basin of as to the authorship, O'Hara acknowledged bloody water showed where the murderer it, and Buford at once struck him. They struggled, clinched and tell, O'Hara under had washed his hands after the deed. Several garments were missing, together with neath. O'Hara drew a small pistol, and, President possessed to-day to use the army some pieces of jewelry. Suspicion was at once fastened upon Knox Martin, who had reaching around Buford, tried to shoot him; but, his sense of humor prevailing over his been seen in the neighborhood the day be- wrath, he got to laughing so that he could ore, and had crossed the river at the ferry. not discharge it. They were separated be Late in the day after the murder, a negro fore any damage was done beyond a good named George Berry gave information that beating for O'Hara, and Buford returned Knox Martin was the perpetrator of the deed and could be then secured at the house of

STILL ANOTHER, et ht o'clock Tuesday evening, which was life was despaired of, his health wrecked and January 14th, all the family were abed and his sight permanently destroyed. Mr. Turraised up in bed. As he did so, Martin, who suffering and blindness. As he opened the door Wittemeyer | ner died only a short time ago, after years of

BUFORD'S LAST VIOLENT EXPLOIT,

was to put the money, which made too large chosen ones on whom fortune sweetly smiles. changed his mind and sent the money by express. By some unaccountable means it must ough he had it at his side, some ingenious | that, if he were properly called on. thief succeeded in getting away with it in the hope of making a heavy grab. Imagine his disappointment on finding in it only a small amount of clothing, but nary dollar. We congratulate Mr. Marshall upon his unusual may he officers of the army are sworn may have the President's power, and if the contingency shall happen, as it possibly may, and if the officers of the army are sworn

nity, the criminal declined appealing to the cents a bottle. Sold everywhere.

THE GREAT REPUBLIC.

he would gain nothing wit, as a year of What the Solons of the Nation are Sayvery little nervousness, until toward the last, when he grew more and more restless. He seemed to regard his fate as inevitable, and ing and Doing-Mrs. Oliver has Her Last Say in Testifying Against nothing more than he ought to have expected. A Grand Gallows Ball Concludes the Ceremony in Virginia. the Gay and Festive Simon.

Richmond (Va.) special to the Cincinnati Enquirer: "The ceremonies yesterday on the occasion of the double hanging at New Kent Courthouse, concluded with 'A Grand Gallows Bail,' under the auspices of the col-ored citizens of that locality. This part of the entertainment was given in an old to have a harn near the scame of the execution. Young, of Ohio, Establishes the "Sans Peur-et-Sans-Reproche" Fact that He is Not a Bad Man, and Neither is Butterworth - The Supervisor Repeal Bill Still before the

House.

WASHINGTON, March 28,—By a decision of the commissioner-general of the land of building was lighted by pine torches, held pany, the latter receives about one hundred and twelve thousand acres. OLIVER VS. CAMERON.

In the Oliver-Cameron suit, to-day, the de fense rested the case, and Mrs. Oliver, re-called, testified that she never slept in a eight Iodians, belonging to the tribe at Indian Town, not far distant. They had been invited to participate. Prominent among them were Smoking Jack, a sort of among them were Smoking Jack, a sort of Adjourned. room with Mrs. Henriques, had no conversa

THE GREENBACKERS. About thirty members of the house of representatives, including Mesers. Reagan and Jones, of Texas; Springer, Stevenson, Ewing, Murch, Ladd, Kelley, De La Matyr, Weaver, Warner, Wright and Wise, me this evening to consider the subject of the presentation of financial measures at the present session. After a general interchange of views the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That we will ask the co-operawith colored girls, and all went merry as a Resolved, That we will ask the co-opera-marriage-bell. The entertainment went on tion of our fellow-members, of all parties, in endeavoring to pass at the present session bill for the following purposes: First-An increase of the coinage of silver

First—An increase of the coinage of silver to the capacity of our mints, and to issue certificates receivable for public dues and the purchase of silver bullion at the market market by the steamers Morning Star and Idlewild, lashed together, with six or seven hundred people on board. On his arrival here the levee was densely packed Second-To reissue the greenbacks, now held for the redemption of fractional cur-rency, or hereafter retired, for the payment

escape all evil, and she sold out rapidly. She told them that if they would go to the graves of Smith and Christian, the murderers who Third—Providing for the substitution of legal-tender notes for national bank notes. Fourth-To stop all further increase of the cordingly a large delegation hurried out to the tomb. The old hag preceded them. As Fifth-To p

> legal-tender notes for national bank notes. Congressional Proceedings.

IN THE HOUSE. Mr. Scringer presented the memorial of J J. Wilson, claiming to have been elected on the fifth of November last, and offered a resolution referring the memorial to the committee on elections when appointed. All the sitting members from Iowa were elected on that day, which is claimed on the other side was not the day legally fixed for the election. The resolution was adopted by a party vote.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the army appropriation bill. Mr. Tucker offered an amendment repealing the law which prohibits any one who has served in the military, naval or civil service of the Confederate States from being appointed to a position in the United State

The point of order was raised by Mr. Con ger and withdrawn; it was renewed by Mr Sparks, and sustained by the chair. The consideration of the bill having been preserve peace at the polls, that sec ion

Mr. Conger rose to point out that the section changed the existing law and did not retrench the expenditures. It could not be Gonaives, in the Bay of Sanona. held seriously that striking out the words "to Mr. Sparks admitted that the section

changed existing the law, but argued that it retrenched expenditures. Mr. Frye argued that the section did not retrench expenditures. It did not affect the transportation of the army, because the President was commander-in-chief and could at him with a bowie-knife and slashed at his transport troops wherever he pleased, and throat. Ferguson ducked his head and the | there was no power in the house to say that Mr. Carlisle thought the house and councepting the doctrine laid down by the gentleman from Maine, that the President of the

United States, as commander-in-chief of the

army, can transport troops wherever he pleases, and use them for whatever purpose he pleases, with or without the consent of hundred and twenty-five miles in the six legislation of the present session of the legiscongress. He undertook to affirm that under days, two hundred dollars. Contestants must the constitution of the United States the President had no right to use the army and navy or any part of it to protect the States the time specified to win the prize. The enterprise of the constitution of the United States the modestly dressed, and may go as they please, the one going the greatest distance in the time specified to win the prize. The enterprise depth of the United States the product of the United States the Un against domestic violence or to enforce State trance fee has been fixed at two hundred dollaws, except what he was authorized to do by lars. The winner of the belt is to hold it eighteen the act of congress. Did the gentleman on months, subject to challenges and conditions the other side mean to say that the provision similar to those in force with the Astly belt. of the constitution which made it the duty of Five women are announced as having already the United States to guarantee to every State a republican form of government conferred upon the President, a single officer of the United States, that power? Were the gen-United States? All the authority which the and navy in protecting the States in domestic violence or in assisting the States in the enforcement of the law was derived not from the provision of the constitution which had been, but from the act of congress of the twenty-eighth of February, 1795, amended

and could be then secured at the house of his brother, Peter Martin. Officers hastening there found Martin about to cat his supper. He was taken, and on the way to jail har young lawyer, and at one time a member of the deed. He said he went to Wittemeyer's house for the purpose of killing him, but did not intend to kill his wife. When he reached the door at about a colock Thesday evaning, which was a life was described of his health wrecked and a colock Thesday evaning, which was a life was described for his health wrecked and a colock Thesday evaning, which was a life was described of his health wrecked and a company the officers this afternoon levied on the company the officers the company the officers this afternoon levied on the company the officers the company the officers the company the officers the company the company the company the company that the initiative should come from the permittened by me that the president had power to transport to thought the initiative should come from the permittened by me that the President had power to transport thought the initiative should come from the permittened by me that the President had power to transport thought the initiative should be accompany. In comment, and the company is company to the company the company that the company is company to the dead that it was claimed by me that the president had power to transport thou Mr. Frye-The gentleman, in commencing would not be any restriction whatever on the power of the commander-in-chief of the army to transport that army from barrack to barrack, and from one State to another State, as and removed therefrom bedding, towels, carhe saw fit. That is all that I claim, and does | pets, chairs, and all moveable goods, which not the gentleman admit that?

thorities, they have performed their duty. remain at the polls to protect peace there. Mr. Robeson-Nobody is now disputing that question, but I ask the gentleman have been discovered that he intended to put | whether or not this proposed section would a large sum of money in his valse, for, al- take away the power of the President to do Mr. Carlisle—It certainly will not. Mr. Robeson—If that be so, and if it does

that contingency shall happen, as it possibly may, and if the officers of the army are sworn to obey the law of the President that we have the law of the President than the result of the result o to obey the law of the President, then what omes of the officer who is ordered by the President to suppress a riot, and to quell a Mr. Carlisle—The gentleman from New by a man named Gaynor, who then killed himself.

and I am discussing another subject. Of course an officer is bound to obey the orders of the President where the President is acting in strict conformity to the law. But we are discussing the question whether or not soldiers can be sent into a State for the purpose of keeping peace at the polls, not for the purpose of suppressing domestic insur-

rection and violence. Mr. Robeson—Do you understand that the President of the United States is included in the scope of this section which speaks of "any other person engaged in the civil service of the United States?" If he is, and if he should be called upon by the executive of a State, properly and in a proper manner, and if he responds to that call would be be liable

Randholders Positively Refuse to Acto punishment under the provisions of this

Mr. Carlisle-The President cannot be properly called upon to do a thing which he has no power to do. In other words, he cannot be properly called upon to send troops into a State to preserve the peace at an elec-

Mr. Robeson-I understood the gentleman

to say that he though the section did not affect that power of the Executive.

Mr. Carlisle—I desire to say that the words of the section to which the gentleman has called my attention are taken from the act of February 25, 1865, and are an exact copy thereof. I am not prepared to say exactly what its true construction is, but I do say that this law cannot be so construed or amended as to punish any officer or citizen for doing which he has a right to do. Mr. Stephens then obtained the floor, but stated that he was unable to proceed at pres-

BOYNTON

ent, and at his suggestion the committee rose

and the house adjourned.

CINCINNATI, March 28.—Captain Boynton left Owensboro, Kentucky, this morning, and will reach Evansville about six o'clock.

He lectured to a large audience last evening AT EVANSVILLE. Evansville, March 28.—Captain Paul Boynton arrived here this afternoon at five

EADS TRIUMPHANT.

The South Pass Scoured Gut to a Channel Depth of over Twentyseven Feet, with Plenty of Sea-Reom.

over two thousand dollars.

Some conversation followed as to the better means to introduce bills for the foregoing purposes in the house, and Mesars. Ewing, A dozen of the women fainted. The figures turned out to be resurrectionists who had been sent by physicians to steal the carcasses. Many of the dancers became frightened and went home, but neveral as two incomes of some conversation followed as to the better the foregoing purposes in the house, and Mesars. Ewing, Weaver and Warner were appointed a committee to prepare the silver bill, in a cordance with the least width of four burden. It was stated that Me To the resolution. It was stated that Me To the resolution. It was stated that Me To the resolution. twenty-seven and a half feet deep.

The Bishop Purcell Relief-Committee Nomewhat Tangled. CINCINNATI, March 28,-Some little ex tement was occasioned at a meeting of Catholic priests of this diocese, last night, for the purpose of perfecting plans for the relief of Archbishop Purcell, by the an-

nouncement that Frank Grever, Charles Stewart and Thomas Scanlan, had been appointed by Archbishop Porcell a committee to receive all charitable contributions to pay the diocesan debt. These appointments were understood to mean that the committee ap-Mr. Young had read an extract from the report of the grand jury on election frauds in Hamilton county, Ohio, to prove that his colleague [Butterworth] and himself were not very bad persons.

Mr. Young had read an extract from the pointed by the priests was completely ignored, and caused a bitter discussion, in which Father Callaghan, of the cathedral, who was supposed to be at the lottom of these appointments, was denounced, by the German priests especially. The meeting finally adjourned without taking any united action on the matter in hand.

Additional Particulars of the Loss of the Steamer St. Michel. NEW YORK, March 28.-The following details of the loss of the steamer St. have been received: "On the night of March 14th, the Haytian war steamer St. Michel, six guns, Commander Nadal, having on

concluded, with the exception of section 6, repealing the statutes allowing the military perut, military governor of Cape Haytian, on her way from Port-au-Prince to the last named port, came into collision with the British steamer Bolivar, of the West India and Pacific squadron of Liverpool, near nundred and fifty persons on the St. Michel, of wbom only four were civilians, seventy-two were saved by boats of the English steamer, among them the commander of the t. Michel and General Monteperut. Among he lost are Dr. Lahens and Mr. Albert Fran-

cois Joseph, brother of the late minister of public instruction. A Women's Walking Match. Mr. Walton, who backed Harriman in the ate walking-match in New York, has projected a "ladies' six days international walking-match," to begin at Gilmore's Garden next Thursday. For this he offers a woman's champion-of-the-world belt, valued at one thousand dollars in the meeting to April 4th, to consider what further action might be taken to effect the second, two hundred and fifty dollars to the final and honorable adjustment of the debt the third, and to each making over three

positively entered for the contest.

BERLIN, March 28.-Bismarck's speech tlemen prepared to go before the country on the proposition that the President was the favor of autonomous government for Alsace and Lorraine, was remarkable for its moderation. His denial of the right of a prevince its being represented on the same footing as the bill if finally passed. other States. He was quite willing to see it THE BONDHOLDERS REP represented in a modified form. He had been asked why, if conscious of flaws in the administration of the province, he had not proposed the remedy before this, but he thought the initiative should come from the

company, the officers this afternoon levied on the palace car Kanawha, standing on the were taken to the courthouse. There still

did not agree with the statements pub-

Lieut. Clarke Captures Little Wolf and his Band, DEADWOOD, D. T., March 28.—Little Wolf and his band of Cheyenne Indians, numbering thirty-five lodges, with two hundred and fifty ponies, was captured by Lieutenant Clarke, of the Second cavalry, with

Murder and Suicide. HARRISBURG, PA., March 28.—Hadesseh THE STATE CAPITAL.

Passage Finally of the Bill before the House to Pay the Creditors of the State Fifty Cents on the Dollar, with Four Per Cent. Interest.

Bondholders Positively Refuse to Aceept-Important Meeting of State Credit Democrats-Important to Common

Carriers.

Special to the Appeal.1

NASHVILLE, March 28. - Senate-Mr. Lanis, from the committee raised under the house joint resolution to investigate the dis-bursements of revenue collected from 1865 to 1868, submitted a report with a resolution accompanying the report, directing the comp-troller to give notice to railroads of the amounts due, as shown in the exhibits accompanying the report. Adopted.

The house resolution to adjourn sine die
Monday at noon was made the special order for Monday at ten o'clock.

House bills to prevent traud in the sale of patent rights; to aid in the collection of revenue, by allowing the comptroller attorneys to investigate delinquencies and bring suits or compromise with defaulting collectors; to Arrival and Reception at Evansville Participated in by Thousands of People.

tax all interest-bearing bonds, State, county
or municipal; to define warehousemen and
regulate their duties and fees; to prohibit
minors from playing billiards, and to limit
the jurisdiction of the Bartlett circuit court,
in Shelly county, passed final reading. in Shelby county, passed final reading. The following senate joint resolutions were adopted: Accepting Dr. Bartholomew's por-trait and providing for its being put in the library—concurred in. Providing for the reloval of the remains of Chancellor Kortrecht

-concurred in. An attempt was made to take up the senate bill as amended, to adjust the State debt at fifty cents, but as it required two-thirds, it was not obtained. On motion to suspend the rules filibustering became the order, and all interviewing bills had to be tabled in order to reach it. It was then passed by the following vote:

NAYS.

Manson,
M'Quarry,
Nixon,
Roark,
Samples,
Sonodgrass,
Lowery [Bradler] Sugg.
Lowery [Warren], Warder,
Lytle,
Mahoney,
York—31.

Mathes Messrs. Andrews, Mathes and Loague, ab-

sent or not voting. A motion 'o lay the motion to reconsider the vote on the table prevailed-40 to 32which thus precludes the house from taking ered from his body and his intestines proany further action on the bill. It is believed the senate will accept the amendments.

MEETING OF STATE-CREDIT DEMOCRATS. The following persons participated in a meeting of State-credit Democrats: Hon. R. H. Byrd, Hon. J. W. Clapp, Colonel M. T. Polk, Colonel J. H. Lewis, T. D. Craighead, General Alex Campbell, James Fraser, E. R. John C. Brown, Hon. E. I. Golladay, Hon. J. M. Fleming, Hon. E. A. James, John W. Childress, Sam J. Kirkpatrick, Dr. Tompkins, F. P. Cahill, H. M. Doak, C. M. Ewing, General B. F. Cheatham, Hon. W. P. Morris, Major J. D. Wade, William Morran, James J. D. W. M. Britan, Talles, M. Britan, J. Barris, J. B. M. M. Britan, Talles, Respectively. Major J. D. Wade, William Morran, James L. Rice, M. M. Brien, jr., Tulley Brown, Major Lucian Brown, General R. P. Neely, J. M. Dickinson, Hon. Henry Cooper, Hon. Neill S. Brown, Dempsey Weaver, General W. P. Jackson, Campbell Brown. W. J. Sykes, Thomas Boyers, Hon. E. H. Ewing, Z. W. Ewing, G. W. Cunningham, T. The meeting was organized by the election of Hon. Henry Cooper, of Maury, as chairman, and Franc M. Paul, of Knoxville, and Tulley Brown, of Nashville, as secretaries.

Associated Press Dispatch. NASHVILLE, March 28 .- The State-credit Democrats met yesterday and to-day, and unanimously adopted resolutions to the effect that they would wait for the final action of the legislature, and in the event that it passed the bill for the adjustment of the State plaster only a short time, but I already feel the legislature, and in the event that it bt, which the creditors would accept, deeming such acceptance necessary to an adjustment, they pledged their earnest eforts to have the same ratified by the people; but if no final action was taken by the legis-lature, or such action as would not settle the question, then they would favor a convention

either in seconding the ratification of such lature as might be adopted, if satisfactory, or, if no such legislation results from the deliberations of the present session, then for the purpose of otherwise aiding in effecting The house this afternoon passed the senate bill to adjust the debt at fifty cents and four

per cent. interest, and made their action final by tabling a motion to reconsider. The senate, it is thought, will concur in the amend ment raising the amount from forty cents to fifty cents, the only proposition that can be carried before the people. This is thought to be the highest figure that can possibly be carried at the ballot-box. The bill provides for the submission of the compromise to the vote of the people, if approved to be represented in a bunderath, referred to by the bondholders. The governor will sign THE BONDHOLDERS REFUSE TO ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THE HOUSE BILL.

pecial to the Appeal. NASHVILLE, March 28.—The American o day received the following dispatch:

'Please insert in your issue to-morrow that the Tennessee bondholders' committee give notice that it is strange your legislature be lieve they can force or your creditors a bil which their committee have already protested against, and which, if passed, will never be accepted by them "EUGENE KELLY, Chairman." Health and Freight.

From an Appeal Correspondent.

NASHVILLE, March 28. - A few weeks since a bill was introduced in the senate by Senator Bledsoe, "To define and enforce du-

that he could say that the information to hand, with regard to the Afghanistan affairs, "Shelby delegation," which has heretofore stood solid on most all legislation relating to their county, was on this bill badly divided, Senator Bledsoe having championed the bill through the senate, while Representatives Smith and Ramsey put in their best work in securing its passage through the house. The opponents of the bill were not idle, and did good work on their side of the question, but opponents of the bill were not idle, and did good work on their side of the question, but it was plainly evident, from the first, that the bill had the sympathy of three-fourths of the mornhare.

D. T. PORTER, N. R. SLEDGE, W. B. GALBRE S. H. BROOKS, B. EISEMAN, S. H. BROOKS, G. V. RAMBAUT. the members. I was glad to see the senate pass Representative Smith's bill, to amend the act creating the State board of health, by the provisions of which the board has ample power and authority to endomestic violence, at a place where a general election has taken place?

Mr. Carlisle—The gentleman from New Jersey is asking me questions on one subject

Matchister, PA., March 28.—Hadessen boatd mis ample power and authority to enforce strict quarantine regulations throughout the State. The sum of three thousand dollars per year is appropriated to carry out the provisions of the bill, and two additional franklin, of Philadelphia.

members are directed to be appointed on said board, one representing the mercantile and one the railroad interest, one of whom will perhaps be appointed from Memphis and one from Nashville. The house and senute have also passed on last reading a bill to prohibit the sale of eleomargarine in this State unless so marked or branded. The senate joint resolution, introduced by Mr. Clapp, to permit the remains of Hon. Charles Kor-trecht to be disinterred and removed from Bartlett, was defeated in the house, only two of your members, Smith and Ramsey, voting

in favor of the same. It is hoped, however, that this action of the house may yet be re-considered. The opposition to the bill was a fear of the consequences of such removal a he present time. An Act for Common Carriers. A BILL to be entitled An Act to define and enforce the datles of common carriers in certain cases in this State.

the daties of common carriers in certain cases in this State.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Truncase. That it shall be unlawful for any railroad company, steamboat company, or other common carrier doing business in this state, to become a party to any combination or monopoly for the compression of cotton in bales in the interest of special individuals, firms or companies.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, Trail all railroad companies, steamboat owners, and other common carriers doing business in this State, be and they are hereby required to receive all compressed cotton, and transport the same as such at regular schedule rates of freight, without discrimination as to individuals, firms or compresses offering the same for shipment.

shipment.
Sec. 3. Be it further exacted, That any violation of the provisions of this act shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than five hundred deilars, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repeated, and that this act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

When the Terms of Court will Open at Jackson and at Memphis-The Counties Composing the Two Divisions of the Western District.

An act of congress passed some time ago livided the United States district of West ennessee into two divisions, called the east ern and western divisions of the district West Tennessee. This act provided for the erection of a courthouse wherein to hold the United States court, by Jackson and the county of Madison. A late act of congress repealed the former act so far as to provide that the United States government will rent building at Jackson for court purposes, udges Baxter and Hammond will hold courts at Jackson on the fourth Monday in April and the fourth Monday in October of

Special to the Cincinnati Enquirer.] TOPERA, March 26 -A special from Manhattan gives the particulars of a terrible accident there yesterday, in which George T. Veatch, of Newark, Ohio, a railread fireman on the Kansas Pacific, lost his life. It seems that Veatch had been oiling the engine, and was stepping around the tender to reach the other bearings, the engine moving slowly at the time, when he tripped and fell, and was caught under the wheel in such a manner that his lower extremities were almost sevtruded. He was dragged about sixty feet in

this condition before the engine could be stopped. Bystanders attempted to remove him, but he requested them to let him remain where he was and procure some chloroform to relieve his agony. This was done as promptly as practicable, and he expressed a eeling of relief when the chloroform was adninistered. He lived about an hour in this condition, and gave his name as George T. Veatch. He stated that his age was thirtytwo years, and requested that the Odd Fe lows should take charge of his remains and send them to his home in Ohio, and send the money found on his person and what was due him from the railroad company to a young lady in Ohio to whom he was soon to have been married.

Miss Bailey's Experience. LEE, England, April 16, 1878.

A Miss Bailey writes: "I have derived such benefit from Benson's capcine porous plasters, and can fully indorse all the good qualities claimed for them. They, indeed, give relief and comfort quickly, and are so far superior to other porous plasters that they can be worn several times, and, when taken off, leave no sores or coldness, which is often experienced from other plasters. I have been afflicted for years with rheumatism in my joints and a stiffness or weakness in the

"It is so comforting and pleasant," says another lady, "when you are suffering with a | Coquets, * heavy cough to apply a Benson's capcine plaster to your chest. It creates a soothing warmth, and affords grateful relief. troubled with rheumatism, kidney disease, sciatica, lumbago, or any local ache or pain." Ask your druggist for Benson's capcine porous plaster. Price, 25 cents.

What's the Matter with British Com-merce and Agriculture? LONDON, March 28.—In the house of lords ast night, Lord Huntley suggested that inquiry be made into the depression of com-merce and agriculture. Lord Beaconstield acknowledged that the depression in agricul ural interests was unprecedented, but the depression was anticipated when protectio abolished. It was estimated the public wealth had di minished eighty million pounds, and the area of land under cultivation had diminished one million acres. English industry and commerce, however, kept well on a level with those of foreign countries. They suffered only from low prices, the cause of which was parily from the depreciation of silver. Lord Beaconsfied believed the inquiry suggested would be without result, but possibly an inquiry as to the change in the value of preous metals, and its effect on English indus

Killed while Defending his Friend. MATTOON, ILLS., March 28.—Peter Hober, young railroad man, instantly killed Wm. Weible last night, in a saloon in this city, by striking him on the head with a car-link Weible was defending a friend. Hober is under arrest.

try, might hereafter be desirable.

COUSINS—At Covington, Tenn., of pneumonia James Cousins, aged 21 years. His remains will be brought to this city and inerred in Calvary Cemetery. Funeral will take place from Paducah railroad depot this (SATURDAY) morning, March 29th, at 10 o'clock. Friends o the family are invited to attend.

No. 41 Madison Street, Memphis. D. T. PORTER, President. G. H. JUDAH, Vice-President. G. D. RAINE, Secretary.

CAPITAL STOCK \$150,000 DIRECTORS. G. H. JUDAH, W. B. GALBERATH,

Insures against loss by Fire, Marine and little Risks on Private Dwellings Especially MR. BAINE is agent also for the following leading

Sneezing Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, Ulcerative Catarrh, permanently cured by SANFORD'S

RADICAL SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH IS REST, cerain, and permanent cure for Catarrh of every form, and is the most perfect remedy ever devised. It is purely a vegetable distillation, and is applied locally by exemitation, and constitutionally by internal administration, and constitutionally by internal administration.

An Enthusiastic Friend of Sanford's

Radical Cure. McHatton, Grant & Bowen's Fire and Marine Insurance Adenor,
Marine Insurance Adenor,
23 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 7, 1877.)

A. A. Mellier, Washington Av., City.— Dear Meiller:
I have for some years been troubled with Catarrh, and for the past two years have suffered seriously with it.
Noticing your advertisement of Sankond's Rememy (Radical Cures), I decided to try it. I have used only two bottles, and as a result I feel so much relieved that I presume on our personal relations and write this to you and sak that you take some measures to get it more prominently before the public, that others may have such relief as I have. I have recommended it to quite a number of my friends, all of whom have expressed to me their high estimate of its value and good effects with them. with them.

I really think it particularly adapted to wants of St.
Louis people, and they all ought to know of it, and
those who need it should try it. I will risk the assertion
that 1000 I oz. vials (as a sample) to be given away will
sell as many bottles.

Try some plan. Letthe people have it; they need it. I
believe I could sell 5000 hottles myself—of course you
could largely increase this number. Why not try it?
Yours truly, Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and Candas. WEERS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Roston, Mass.

LAME BACK RHEUMATISM

April and the fourth Monday in October of each year. The counties composing the eastern division of the district are as follows: Benton, Carroll, Lecatur, Gibson, Henderson, Henry, Madison, M'Nairy, Hardin, Dyer, Lake, Crockett, Weakley and Obion. The counties composing the western division of the district are Shelby, Fayette, Haywood, Lauderdale and Hardeman. The terms of countries in this division will commence on the first Mondays of May and November of each year.

Terrible Accident at Manhattan, Kansara, Sansara, Lake, Counties at Manhattan, Kansara, Collabor, No. 1997.

Terrible Accident at Manhattan, Kansara, Collabor, No. 2007.

The division of the district are shelby, Fayette, Haywood, Lauderdale and Hardeman. The terms of counts in this division will commence on the first Mondays of May and November of each year.

Terrible Accident at Manhattan, Kansara, Collabor, No. 2007.

The division of the district are as follows: Harden, One year for the first attack, the disease returned, but I am happy to say the second pain. A few weeks almost limited by the disease returned, but I am happy to say the second pain. A few weeks almost manifest for the application of the first attack, the disease returned, but I am happy to say the second pain. A few weeks almost manifest for the application of the first attack, the disease returned, but I am happy to say the second pain and the world of remedies that can compare with the Colling. Tours very tespectfully recommend them to the cultivity of the colling in the world of remedies that can compare with the Colling. Tours very tespectfully recommend them to the cultivity of the colling in the world of remedies that can compare with the Colling. Tours very respectfully recommend them to the cultivity of the colling in the colling in the colling in the colling with a severe attack of Rheumatism in Manhattan, the colling in the colling with a severe attack of the testing with the colling with a severe attack of the testing with the colling with the colling with the least t

NOT A QUACK NOSTRUM. Gentlemen, — I hereby certify that for several year oast I have used the Voltaio Plastes in my practice, and have never known them to fall in affording speedy relief in those cases for which they are recommended. They are not a quack nostrum, but a remedia agent of great value. Very truly yours.

W. C. COLLINS, M. D.

BUCESPORT, MR., May 27, 1874. PRICE 25 CENTS. Be careful to obtain Collins' Voltaic Plaster, a combination of Electric and Voltaic Plates, with a highly Medicated Plaster, as seen in the above cut Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughly out the United States and Canadas, and by WEERS & POTTER, Proprietors. Boston, Mass.

DR. C. BASKERVILLE PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

27 Nouth Court. 481 Shelby street. No More Relief!

THE undersigned will give no more orders for relief from this date, and hope citizens will refer
no more parties to us for assistance. The funds will
be invested in U. S. securities, under direction of the
court.

J. R. FLIPPIN, Chairman.
P. R. ATHY.
D. T. PORTER.
Mauch 29, 1879.
Trustees Relief Fund.

F. LAVIGNE!

FANCY GOODS, ... LADIES' HATS, * French Bonnets, Hair Braids. * Hair Goods, LAVIGNE

FRENCH MILLINERY

Laces,* LAVIGNE Imported Goods. Great bargains in every department. Strangers should not fail to examamine our assortment. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

250 MAIN, MEMPHIS

UNITED STATES AND ROYAL MAIL STRAMERS, New York to Queenstown & Liverpool Every Thereday or Saturday.

City of Berlin, 5491 tons. City of Montreal, 4490 ins.
City of Richmond, 4807 City of Brussels, - 3775
City of Chester. - 4566 City of New York, - 3500
These magnificent steamers are among the strongest, largest and fastest on the Atlantic, and have every modern improvement, including hot and cold water and electric bells in staterooms, revolving chairs in sulcons, bath and smo, ins-rooms, barber shops, etc. For rates of passage and other informa-tion, apply to JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 31 Broadway, New York, or to THOS. FISHER, Emmet Bank, Membhs

No. 3254—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county. Tennessee—F. M. whi e & Co. et al. vs. T. W. L. Askew et al.

I Tappearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, T. W. L. Askew, is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee. that he is indebted to the complainants. F. M. White & Co., in the sum of \$452-30, evidenced by open account; that he is indebted to the complainants. Lemmon & Gale, in the sum of \$260-87, evi enced by notes; and attachment having been issued and returned by the sheriff levied on the property of said T. W. L. Askew:

It is therefore ordered, That he make his appearance herein, at the Courtnouse in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in May, 1879, and plead, answer or demur to complicant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appear.

This March 28, 1879.

A Copy: Attest.

B. J. BLACK, Clerk and Master.

By E. B. M'HENENY, Deputy Clerk and Master.

L. R. M. Farland, Soi, for Complainant. 3254 In the Chancery Court of Shelby county ennessee F. M. Whi e & Co. et al. vs. T. W. L

By E. B. M'HENRY, Deputy Clerk and Master. L. R. M'Farland, Sol. for Complainant. sat Non-Resident Notice. BUFORD SLAST VIOLENT EXPLOIT,
before the present murder, was his defiance of the authority of the sheriff of Henry county in the earlier stages of the suit, the final decision in which was the cause of the sustence of the suit, the final decision in which was the cause of the assassination.

"Auck."

Chattanooga Tivnes, 22d: "A few days ago no his regular trip down to Muscle shoals, to ap off the hands engaged there in improving on his regular trip down to Muscle shoals, to ap off the hands engaged there in improving the river. He had about ten thousand delars in his possession. His original intention

The carried to stead that the triple of the same will be taken for correctly as the river. The had about ten thousand to send the gonds, which does not the courthouse. There still not the gentleman admit that?

Mr. Carisle—I agree to that.

Non. Hessident Notice.

Senator Bledsee, "To define and enforce du the same still was introventies of the same will was introventies of the suit, the final decision in which was the cause of the same will be collected in the same manner.

Chattanooga Tivnes, 22d: "A few days ago on his regular trip down to Muscle shoals, to ap of the hands engaged there in improving the river. He had about ten thousand delars in his possession. His original intention."

The same that a tract to that.

The goldence of the suit, the final decision in the gentleman admit that?

Mr. Robeson—If the executive of a State gard the same will be collected in the same manner.

Scholl—A the residence in this city, at 8 o'clock, from the same will will be collected in the same thing the same thing the same trip.

Scholl—Base of the same thing the same trip.

Scholl—Base of the same thing the same thing the same trip.

The function of the gentleman admit that the same thing the same trip.

Scholl—Base of the same trip.

Scholl—Base of the same trip.

The function of the same trip.

A copy-Attest.
R. J. BLACK, Clerk and Master, E. B. M'HENRY, Deputy Clerk and Master. Wm. M. Randolph, Sol. for complainant. sat

Non-Resident Notice. No. 2481—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county,
Tennessee—Wm. Y. Hamilin, adm'r of W. B. Hamlin, deceased, vs. J. A. Wilder et al.
I appearing from affidavit in this cause that the
defendents, Ashbel Smith and Caroline Kitridge
and Thomas B. Kitridge, are non-residents of the
State of Tennessee: and Thomas B. Kitridge, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee:

It is therefore ordered, That they make their appearance herein, at the courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in May, 1879, and plead, answer or demur to the cross-bill of J. A. Wilder et al., or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis APPKAL. This 28th day of March, 1879.

A Copy—Atlest.

B. J. BLACK, Clerk and Master.

By E. B. M'HENRY, Deputy Clerk and Master.

Clapp & Meux, Sols, for complainant.